



2018

# TAXPAYER SCORECARD

'16-'17 LEGISLATIVE SESSION



AMERICANS FOR  
PROSPERITY

NEW JERSEY



## DEAR NEW JERSEY TAXPAYER,

Welcome to the 2018 New Jersey Taxpayer Scorecard. State lawmakers have wrapped up a two-year session, and this scorecard will review how your legislators voted in Trenton over that period.

At Americans for Prosperity, we believe it's essential for the people to know how their legislators are representing them and where they stand on important issues. This information allows us to hold our politicians accountable not just for what they say but for what they do.

We want New Jersey to be a prosperous state with a booming economy, great job opportunities, and excellent schools. This scorecard is a way for citizens to measure the success of our legislators in making those goals a reality.

We are happy to present this 2018 Taxpayer Scorecard on behalf of our team and thousands of activists around New Jersey.

For Freedom,

A handwritten signature in green ink that reads "Erica Jedynek". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

**Erica Jedynek**  
*State Director*  
*Americans for Prosperity - New Jersey*



## OUR MISSION

Americans for Prosperity exists to recruit, educate, and mobilize citizens in support of the policies and goals of a free society at the local, state, and federal level, helping every American live their dream—especially the least fortunate.

Americans for Prosperity has a vision for an America where truly free markets allow for free and prosperous people. We use cutting-edge tools and technology to support a network of more than 3.2 million engaged citizens who are working to bring that vision to life.

Together, we're persuading public officials to embrace an agenda of economic freedom, educating our friends and neighbors on the issues shaping our economy, and getting everyone involved in building a culture of freedom at the local, state and federal levels. Whether it's on the telephone, at a neighbor's front door, or on the steps of the state capitol, Americans for Prosperity staff and activists are spreading the word about economic freedom every single day.

## SCORING METHODOLOGY

Scores are calculated based on total votes taken on AFP-New Jersey's priority bills. Each vote taken in favor of AFP-New Jersey's position on a bill is worth one point out of a possible one point. Each vote taken against AFP-New Jersey's position on a bill is worth zero points out of a possible one point. After the vote count is tallied, legislators are awarded an additional half point to their earned point total for each prime sponsorship of a priority bill that AFP-New Jersey supports. Legislators are deducted an additional half point from their earned point total for each prime sponsorship of a priority bill that AFP-New Jersey opposes. A legislator's earned points are divided by the total votes each legislator took on AFP-New Jersey priority bills to generate a percentage score (the sponsorship points do not affect the vote total, only the legislator's earned points).

## SCORE DESIGNATION

90-100% .....	Champion of the Taxpayer
80-89% .....	Defender of the Taxpayer
70-79% .....	Ally of the Taxpayer
50-69% .....	Taxpayer Neutral
30-49% .....	Ally of Big Government
10-29% .....	Defender of Big Government
0-9% .....	Champion of Big Government

90-100% Champion of the Taxpayer
<b>Corrado</b> , Kristin M.
<b>Doherty</b> , Michael J.
<b>Auth</b> , Robert
<b>Bucco</b> , Anthony M.
<b>Carroll</b> , Michael Patrick
<b>Ciattarelli</b> , Jack M.
<b>DiMaio</b> , John
<b>Handlin</b> , Amy H.
<b>McGuckin</b> , Gregory P.
<b>O'Scanlon</b> , Declan J., Jr.
<b>Peterson</b> , Erik
<b>Phoebus</b> , Gail
<b>Schepisi</b> , Holly
<b>Space</b> , Parker
<b>Thomson</b> , Edward H.
<b>Webber</b> , Jay
<b>Wolfe</b> , David W.

80-89% Defender of the Taxpayer
<b>Beck</b> , Jennifer
<b>Bucco</b> , Anthony R.
<b>Cardinale</b> , Gerald
<b>Connors</b> , Christopher J.
<b>Kean</b> , Thomas H., Jr.
<b>Pennacchio</b> , Joseph
<b>Thompson</b> , Samuel D.
<b>Gove</b> , DiAnne C.
<b>Rooney</b> , Kevin J.
<b>Rumpf</b> , Brian E.

70-79% Ally of the Taxpayer
<b>Allen</b> , Diane B.
<b>Bateman</b> , Christopher
<b>Holzappel</b> , James W.
<b>Munoz</b> , Nancy F.
<b>Russo</b> , David C.

50-69% Taxpayer Neutral
<b>Addiego</b> , Dawn Marie
<b>Bell</b> , Colin
<b>Kyrillos</b> , Joseph M., Jr.
<b>Van Drew</b> , Jeff
<b>Andrzejcak</b> , Bob
<b>Bramnick</b> , Jon M.
<b>Clifton</b> , Robert D.
<b>Dancer</b> , Ronald S.
<b>DeCroce</b> , BettyLou
<b>Howarth</b> , Joe
<b>Land</b> , R. Bruce
<b>Rodriguez-Gregg</b> , Maria
<b>Rumana</b> , Scott T.

30-49% Ally of Big Government
<b>Gill</b> , Nia H.
<b>Lesniak</b> , Raymond J.
<b>O'Toole</b> , Kevin J.
<b>Oroho</b> , Steven V.
<b>Singer</b> , Robert W.
<b>Turner</b> , Shirley K.
<b>Brown</b> , Chris A.
<b>Downey</b> , Joann
<b>Houghtaling</b> , Eric
<b>Kean</b> , Sean T.
<b>Mazzeo</b> , Vincent
<b>Rible</b> , David P.
<b>Wisniewski</b> , John S.
<b>Zwicker</b> , Andrew

10-29% Defender of Big Government
<b>Codey</b> , Richard J.
<b>Cunningham</b> , Sandra B.
<b>Diegnan</b> , Patrick J., Jr.
<b>Pou</b> , Nellie
<b>Rice</b> , Ronald L.

10-29% Defender of Big Government Cont'd
<b>Sacco</b> , Nicholas J.
<b>Scutari</b> , Nicholas P.
<b>Whelan</b> , Jim
<b>Barclay</b> , Arthur
<b>Burzichelli</b> , John J.
<b>Caride</b> , Marlene
<b>Chaparro</b> , Annette
<b>Chiaravalloti</b> , Nicholas
<b>Conaway</b> , Herb, Jr.
<b>Coughlin</b> , Craig J.
<b>Danielsen</b> , Joe
<b>Egan</b> , Joseph V.
<b>Green</b> , Jerry
<b>Holley</b> , Jamel C.
<b>Jasey</b> , Mila M.
<b>Jimenez</b> , Angelica M.
<b>Johnson</b> , Gordon M.
<b>Jones</b> , Patricia Egan
<b>Karabinchak</b> , Robert J.
<b>Lagana</b> , Joseph A.
<b>McKnight</b> , Angela V.
<b>Moriarty</b> , Paul D.
<b>Oliver</b> , Sheila Y.
<b>Pinkin</b> , Nancy J.
<b>Taliaferro</b> , Adam J.
<b>Tucker</b> , Cleopatra G.
<b>Watson</b> , Blonnie R.
<b>Wimberly</b> , Benjie E.

0-9% Champion of Big Government
<b>Barnes, Peter J., III</b>
<b>Beach</b> , James
<b>Cruz-Perez</b> , Nilsa
<b>Gordon</b> , Robert M.
<b>Greenstein</b> , Linda R.

0-9% Champion of Big Government Cont'd
<b>Madden</b> , Fred H., Jr.
<b>Ruiz</b> , M. Teresa
<b>Sarlo</b> , Paul, A.
<b>Smith</b> , Bob
<b>Sweeney</b> , Stephen M.
<b>Stack</b> , Brian
<b>Vitale</b> , Joseph F.
<b>Weinberg</b> , Loretta
<b>Benson</b> , Daniel R.
<b>Caputo</b> , Ralph R.
<b>DeAngelo</b> , Wayne P.
<b>Eustace</b> , Tim
<b>Giblin</b> , Thomas P.
<b>Greenwald</b> , Louis D.
<b>Gusciora</b> , Reed
<b>Kennedy</b> , James J.
<b>Lampitt</b> , Pamela R.
<b>McKeon</b> , John F.
<b>Mosquera</b> , Gabriela M.
<b>Mukherji</b> , Raj
<b>Muoio</b> , Elizabeth Maher
<b>Pintor Marin</b> , Eliana
<b>Prieto</b> , Vincent
<b>Quijano</b> , Annette
<b>Schaer</b> , Gary S.
<b>Singleton</b> , Troy
<b>Spencer</b> , L. Grace
<b>Sumter</b> , Shavonda E.
<b>Vainieri Huttle</b> , Valerie

**MUSIC THERAPIST LICENSING ACT**  
(A-783/S-1601)

This bill would create a new occupational license for music therapists. Occupational licenses are burdensome regulations that reduce opportunities for aspiring professionals and hinder economic growth. Only seven states currently require licensure for music therapists, demonstrating that this regulation is not necessary to maintain public health and safety.

**MINIMUM WAGE INCREASE (A-15/S-15)**

This bill would increase the minimum wage to \$10.10 per hour and make further increases over a four-year period, while maintaining annual cost of living adjustments. While the minimum wage may sound good in theory, by increasing the cost of labor to more than many businesses can pay, minimum wage increases can decrease employment—especially among younger workers—and increase prices.

**PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT**  
(ACR-109/SCR-2)

This proposed constitutional amendment would require payments by the state to the state's retirement systems and establish a Constitutional right to pension benefits for public employees. This amendment, if ratified, would limit New Jersey's ability to reform our underfunded pension programs—leading to future budget crises and hurting the state's ability to provide funding for core government functions, like public safety and education.

**STATE BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016-2017**  
(A-4000/S-17)

This year's state budget consisted of nearly \$35 billion in state funds and almost \$16 billion in federal funds, and included irresponsible tax and spend policies like the increased gas tax and corporate welfare spending.

**GAS TAX PACKAGE - REVISING THE NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY ACT (A-10/S-2412)**

This bill is part of a package of legislation, which among other things increases New Jersey's gas tax. New Jersey currently has the worst business tax climate in the United States, and places the third-highest state and local tax burden on individual residents. Raising the gas tax only makes this burden worse, and fails to hold the government accountable for being poor stewards of the tax dollars it already receives.

**GAS TAX PACKAGE - ADJUSTING STATE TAXES (A-12/S-2411)**

This bill is another part of the gas tax package.

**DRAMA THERAPISTS AND DANCE/MOVEMENT THERAPISTS LICENSING ACT (A-2477/S-2159)**

This bill would create a new license for drama therapists and dance/movement therapists. Occupational licenses present a huge burden on individuals trying to enter a profession, and should only exist in cases where less restrictive regulations can't protect the interest of public health and safety. Only one state currently requires a drama therapist license, demonstrating that this regulation is not necessary.

**EARNED SICK LEAVE (A-1446)**

This bill would require employers to provide employees with at least one hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours worked. Mandated paid leave works similarly to the minimum wage in that it drives up the cost of labor, decreasing employment opportunities for entry-level workers and driving up the price of goods and services in the state.



### **LACTATION CONSULTANT LICENSING ACT** (A-1452/S-1718)

This bill would create an occupational license for lactation consultants. Occupational licenses present a barrier to opportunity for entrepreneurs and entry level workers. Those with low incomes and limited resources are hurt most by costly and time-consuming education requirements that do not match the complexity or risk level of the profession. A license for lactation consultants would be one more unnecessary regulation limiting access to employment opportunities.

### **RENEWABLE PORTFOLIO STANDARDS** (A-1759/S-1707)

This bill would establish renewable energy portfolio standards (RPS) in New Jersey. RPS requires utilities to obtain a certain percentage of the energy sold to consumers through renewable energy sources. This policy increases the cost of energy while decreasing reliability in states that have these standards.

### **CORPORATE WELFARE FOR TECH START-UPS** (A-3631/S-158)

This bill would allow holding companies of eligible New Jersey emerging technology companies to receive investments under “New Jersey Angel Investor Tax Credit Act.” This is a corporate welfare program, which subsidizes favored businesses in an effort to promote economic growth. New Jersey lawmakers should focus on the fundamentals of growth—stable, low taxes and modest regulations only when necessary, instead of picking winners and losers in private business.

### **UNION MANAGEMENT OF PENSIONS** (A-99/S-3040)

This bill would move management of the Policeman and Fireman’s Retirement System (PFRS) from the state to a board of trustees with a controlling vote by union appointees. This new structure endows the board of trustees with a lot of authority over the PFRS, but does not contain any accountability or transparency measures to make sure that the pension funds are properly managed.

### **GARDEN STATE FILM AND DIGITAL MEDIA JOBS ACT** (A-2562/S-1053)

This bill would enhance film and digital media tax credits, revise and expand tax credit eligibility requirements, and require a state agency to study development of a film studio at a North Jersey location. Targeted to the film and digital media industries, this bill expands a type of incentive program which is already proven to have a poor return on investment of taxpayer dollars.

### **CORPORATE WELFARE FOR HOLLYWOOD** (A-2256/S-2253)

This bill would establish the New Jersey Film and Television Project and Employment Incentive Program. Another corporate welfare program targeted specifically at the film industry, this program would divert tax dollars from core government functions to wealthy production companies.

### **EXTENDING URBAN ENTERPRISE ZONES** (A-4189/S-2670)

This bill would extend the first five designated Urban Enterprise Zones for two additional years. Enterprise Zones are corporate welfare programs designed to try and revitalize underserved communities. However, decades of economic research into these programs has found that they simply don’t work.

**RAIDING HORIZON BLUE CROSS BLUE SHIELD  
(A-5077/S-4)**

This bill would have altered the definition of private health insurance companies in New Jersey to require that they have a charitable mission. The bill changes this definition so that these private companies can be mandated to hand over their reserves funds to the state for the government to use as it sees fit.

**NEW PREVAILING WAGE (A-4870/S-3226)**

This bill would have created a new prevailing wage mandate for some types of construction workers. Prevailing wages are proven to drive up the price of public infrastructure projects—paid for on the taxpayer's dime.

**EXPANDING PREVAILING WAGE  
(A-3435/S-1162)**

This bill would have expanded the prevailing wage to apply to public works taking place on properties receiving tax abatements from the state. Driving up the cost of property development is not the way to achieve the strong economic growth New Jersey needs.

**POOL MAINTENANCE WORKER LICENSES  
(A-224/S-1922)**

This bill would create a new license for pool and spa service contractors and pool and spa builders and installers. Occupational licenses limit entrepreneurship, are much more restrictive than other regulations like registration and inspections, and offer few—if any—public health and safety benefits in many cases. There is no evidence that this new license would make New Jersey families any safer, but it would increase the cost of pool and spa construction and installation.

**REJOINING THE REGIONAL GREENHOUSE  
GAS INITIATIVE (A-4701/S-3059)**

This bill would have re-entered New Jersey into the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative, which is an interstate cap and trade program designed to try and reduce carbon emissions. Unfortunately, cap and trade programs have little effect on emissions, significantly raise the price of energy, and hurt both economic growth and low-income families who already spend a high percentage of their incomes on energy.

**STATE BUDGET WITH BIG SPENDING  
GROWTH (A-5000/S-18)**

This year's budget allocated over \$50 billion in state and federal funds, including hundreds of millions of dollars in irresponsible spending paid for by some of the highest tax burdens in the country.

**\$15 MINIMUM WAGE (SCR-1500)**

This proposed constitutional amendment would increase the minimum wage to \$9 per hour and then raise it in dollar increments until it reaches \$15 per hour. While the minimum wage may sound good in theory, by increasing the price of labor above what many businesses can pay, minimum wage hikes often decrease employment—especially among younger workers—and increase prices.

**BAILOUT OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS  
(A-5330/S-3560)**

This bill would have established the Nuclear Diversity Certificate Program. This program would levy an extra charge on electricity users in the state to be paid to nuclear power plants in the name of energy diversification. Consumers should not be on the hook to help make up the difference for plants that are not producing reliable, abundant, and affordable energy.



### **QUARTERLY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS** **(A-4/S-2810)**

This bill requires the state to pay its pension contributions on quarterly basis by September 30, December 31, March 31, and June 30 of each year, beginning July 1, 2017. By making this change, pension contributions are made in a more stable and consistent manner, and the state ensures that overspending on other functions throughout the year doesn't leave necessary pension contributions unpaid due to budget gaps.

### **PUBLIC EMPLOYEE SICK LEAVE REFORMS** **(A-653)**

This bill prohibits payment to public employees at retirement for some of their unused sick leave, provides that employees forfeit payment for unused sick leave when convicted of a crime in some situations, and requires documentation for use of sick leave. By making reforms to these sick leave payout policies, the state can save funding which can be used to pay down unfunded pension liabilities and preserve retirement funds for future retirees.

### **THE NEW JERSEY PARENTAL RIGHTS AND PROPERTY TAX REDUCTION ACT** **(A-1232/S-1209)**

This bill creates a school voucher program that allows parents to select a participating private school for their student and use some or all of the public funding that would have been provided to the public school district for the student's education to pay for tuition at the private school. This school choice program would create accountability for underperforming public schools and provide important education opportunities to some of the state's most disadvantaged students.

### **EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNTS** **(A-1476/S-2170)**

This bill establishes publicly-funded education savings accounts for students who have opted out of New Jersey public schools. The accounts are funded using part of the tax dollars that would have originally been provided to the public school district to pay for the student's education. The accounts can be used for private school tuition, education materials, private tutoring, and more. This school choice program provides ultimate flexibility for parents and students and allows families to select a truly customized mix of education materials and services to meet each student's unique needs.

### **INFLATION-INDEXED INCOME TAX BRACKETS** **(A-3536/S-2063)**

This bill indexes for inflation the income brackets for the state income tax. Currently, state residents find some of their income taxed at higher and higher rates due to inflation, even though inflation has also caused the price of goods and services to increase. This means that, without adjusting for inflation or lowering rates, the income tax will take bigger chunks of a person's real income over time. By indexing income tax brackets for inflation, the state can make sure that higher tax rates don't creep their way down the income scale.

### **PROVISION FOR THE SALE OF HOME BAKED GOODS AND COTTAGE FOODS** **(A-3618/S-1768)**

This bill establishes requirements for sale of home baked goods or cottage foods. Currently entrepreneurs in New Jersey are not permitted to have cottage food or baking businesses operated out of their own homes. Purchasing time at a commercial kitchen is costly, and moving equipment and ingredients is time-consuming and burdensome. These challenges make it very difficult to operate small businesses that produce food. By allowing home baking, the state can encourage entrepreneurship and economic growth.

**RIGHT TO WORK ACT (A-574)**

This bill establishes the “New Jersey Right to Work Act”, which prohibits payroll deduction of union dues from the wages or salaries of public employees. Right to Work protects a worker’s right to associate freely and decide whether or not join a union and pay union dues. States with Right to Work laws have higher employment than states with forced unionization. This bill will allow New Jersey’s public employees to decide whether or not to opt in to a union and ensure that the costs of collecting dues falls on the union, rather than on the state.

**ELIMINATING PREVAILING WAGE FOR TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND PROJECTS (A-643)**

This bill excludes projects funded by Transportation Trust Fund from prevailing wage requirements. Prevailing wage requirements increase the cost of infrastructure projects, meaning that the state must tax more to fund necessary projects while being able to complete fewer projects overall. Eliminating this requirement will allow the state to be a better steward of tax dollars, and get more work done for less money.

**SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE FUNDING FORMULA (A-715/S-569)**

This bill establishes a formula for the distribution of state funding to school districts. By establishing a formula, the state can allocate education funding equitably and efficiently amongst all of New Jersey’s school districts. Tying the funding formula to enrollment also ensures that education funding follows the child.

**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT FOR DIRECT INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM FOR VETOED LEGISLATION (ACR-213)**

This resolution proposes a constitutional amendment that will provide a process to enact a direct initiative or referendum for bills and joint resolutions vetoed by the Governor. While legislators can currently override the Governor’s veto, gathering the necessary votes can prove almost impossible. By establishing a direct initiative or referendum process when the Governor vetoes legislation, every day New Jerseyans will have the ability to override a veto themselves.

**PHASING OUT THE INHERITANCE TAX (A-1524/S-1883)**

This bill phases out the transfer inheritance tax over two years. New Jersey is one of only two states with both an inheritance tax and an estate tax. By eliminating the inheritance tax, the state will end the double taxation of inherited property and savings, which have already been subject to income taxes, property taxes, and other taxes previous to their being handed down to the beneficiary.

**PHASING OUT THE ESTATE TAX (A-1059/S-477)**

This bill phases out estate tax over five-year period. The estate tax is often cast as a victimless tax which only affects the very wealthy. However, family-owned businesses and farms which are passed down from generation to generation can be decimated by the estate tax, hurting New Jersey families and the economy.

### REMOVING RED TAPE FOR BREWERIES (A-4387)

This bill eliminates the burdensome and unnecessary requirement that New Jersey breweries provide tours to visitors before selling them their products. New Jersey regulators already allow these products to be sold to consumers in stores and bars, and there's no reason why they shouldn't be able to sell their beers on site. Requiring that they give tours is a trivial and time-consuming obstacle.

### REPEALING INTERIOR DESIGNER CERTIFICATION ACT (A-4420)

This bill would remove the certification procedure for interior designers from the New Jersey State Board of Architects. Occupational licensing is an onerous and very specific form of regulation that is not appropriate for all industries, especially artistic occupations such as interior design, where it functions as little more than a barrier to entry. By eliminating this requirement, workers in New Jersey will have greater freedom to practice their professions without needing permission from their competitors.

### ENDING LICENSE REQUIREMENT FOR HAIR BRAIDERS AND EYEBROW THREADERS (A-4421)

This bill would remove licensing requirements for hair braiders and eyebrow threaders in New Jersey, recognizing that these professions are better regulated by other means. There is no reason why a hair braider who already knows how to perform their trade should be made to study unnecessary skills outside their scope of practice in order to do their jobs.

### ENDING LICENSE FOR DAIRY SAMPLING (A-4422)

This bill would eliminate the licensing requirement for persons sampling and weighing milk and cream in New Jersey. Most people think of licensing as a way of guaranteeing public health and safety in dangerous or technically challenging occupations, but the reality is that far too many jobs are licensed that could be better regulated by other means. Eliminating licensing requirements for dairy samplers is a step toward a more reasonable system of regulation in this industry.

### CIVIL ASSET FORFEITURE REFORM (A-5162/S-3205)

This bill adds transparency to the process of civil asset forfeiture in New Jersey, a tool used by police to seize property and pocket the proceeds from innocent people in New Jersey without ever charging them with a crime. By shining a light on this abusive practice, New Jersey voters and policymakers will be better equipped to hold the criminal justice system accountable.

### TRANSPARENCY FOR OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING BOARDS (A-760/S-1599)

This bill requires certain occupational licensing boards to report licensure exam passage rates. By forcing boards to disclose this information, New Jersey voters and lawmakers will be better equipped to assess the effect these boards are having on the workforce, and better able to judge whether their practices are even necessary.



Senator	District	Grade	A-15/S-15	A-10/S-2412	A-12/S-2411	A-4000/S-17	S-158	A-4/S-2810	A-99/S-3040	A-224/S-1922	A-3435/S-1162	A-4189/S-2670	A-4701/S-3059	A-4870/S-3226	A-5000/S-18	A-5077/S-4	A-760/S-1599
<b>Addiego, Dawn Marie</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>50%</b>	1/1	0/2	0/2	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	NV	NV	1/1	1/1	NV	1/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Allen, Diane B.</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>78.6%</b>	1/1	2/2	2/2	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	NV	NV	1/1
<b>Barnes, Peter J., III</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>0%</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Bateman, Christopher</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>78.1%</b>	NV	2/2	2/2	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Beach, James</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5.9%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Beck, Jennifer</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>82.4%</b>	1/1	2/2	2/2	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Bell, Colin</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>50%</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
<b>Bucco, Anthony R.</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>87.5%</b>	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	NV	NV	1/1	1/1	NV	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Cardinale, Gerald</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>87.5%</b>	1/1	2/2	2/2	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	NV	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Codey, Richard J.</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>17.6%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Connors, Christopher J.</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>86.7%</b>	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Corrado, Kristin M.</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100%</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NV	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
<b>Cruz-Perez, Nilsa</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	NV	0/1	1/1	NV	NV	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV
<b>Cunningham, Sandra B.</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>12.5%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	1/1
<b>Diegnan, Patrick J., Jr.</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>18.8%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	N/A	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Doherty, Michael J.</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>94.1%</b>	1/1	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Gill, Nia H.</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>43.8%</b>	0/1	2/2	2/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	1/1	1/1
<b>Gordon, Robert M.</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>3.3%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	1/1
<b>Greenstein, Linda R.</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>3.3%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	NV	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	1/1
<b>Holzapfel, James W.</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>76.9%</b>	1/1	1/2	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	NV	NV	1/1	NV	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Kean, Thomas H., Jr.</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>82.4%</b>	1/1	2/2	2/2	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Kyrillos, Joseph M., Jr.</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>52.9%</b>	1/1	0/2	0/2	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1



Senator	District	Grade	A-15/S-15	A-10/S-2412	A-12/S-2411	A-4000/S-17	S-158	A-4/S-2810	A-99/S-3040	A-224/S-1922	A-3435/S-1162	A-4189/S-2670	A-4701/S-3059	A-4870/S-3226	A-5000/S-18	A-5077/S-4	A-760/S-1599
<b>Lesniak, Raymond J.</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>38.2%</b>	0/1	2/2	2/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Madden, Fred H., Jr.</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8.8%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>O'Toole, Kevin J.</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>30.8%</b>	1/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	N/A	1/1	1/1	NV	1/1	NV	0/1	N/A
<b>Oroho, Steven V.</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>46.9%</b>	1/1	0/2	0/2	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	NV	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Pennacchio, Joseph</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>86.7%</b>	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Pou, Nellie</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>17.6%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Rice, Ronald L.</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>17.6%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Ruiz, M. Teresa</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>0%</b>	0/1	NV	NV	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Sacco, Nicholas J.</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>17.6%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Sarlo, Paul, A.</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>-3.6%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	NV	1/1	0/1	NV	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Scutari, Nicholas P.</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>21.4%</b>	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Singer, Robert W.</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>44.1%</b>	1/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Smith, Bob</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>-6.7%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	NV
<b>Stack, Brian</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>0%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Sweeney, Stephen M.</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-14.7%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Thompson, Samuel D.</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>80%</b>	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Turner, Shirley K.</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>43.3%</b>	0/1	2/2	2/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	NV	NV	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Van Drew, Jeff</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>50%</b>	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Vitale, Joseph F.</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>-2.9%</b>	0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Weinberg, Loretta</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>0%</b>	0/1	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1
<b>Whelan, Jim</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10%</b>	1/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	N/A	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	N/A







Assembly Member	District	Grade	A-783	A-15/S-15	ACR-109	A-10/S-2412	A-12/S-2411	A-4000/S-17	A-224/S-1922	A-2477	A-4/S-2810	A-99/S-3040	A-3631/S-158	A-4189/S-2670	A-4701/S-3059	A-4870/S-3226	A-5000/S-18	A-760/S-1599	A-3618/S-3292
<b>Space, Parker</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>97.4%</b>	1/1	1/1	1/1	2/2	3/3	1/1	NV	1/1	1/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Spencer, L. Grace</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>-16.7%</b>	N/A	0/1	NV	0/1	0/2	0/1	N/A	0/1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Sumter, Shavonda E.</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>-5.3%</b>	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/2	0/3	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	1/1
<b>Taliaferro, Adam J.</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>20.8%</b>	0/1	0/1	NV	NV	NV	NV	0/1	NV	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Thomson, Edward H.</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>100%</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1	N/A
<b>Tucker, Cleopatra G.</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>19.2%</b>	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	NV	NV	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Vainieri Huttie, Valerie</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>-2.6%</b>	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/2	0/3	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	NV	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Watson, Blonnie R.</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>23.1%</b>	0/1	N/A	N/A	0/1	0/1	N/A	0/1	N/A	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Webber, Jay</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>110.5%</b>	1/1	1/1	1/1	2/2	3/3	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	NV	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Wimberly, Benjie E.</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>10%</b>	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/2	0/3	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Wisniewski, John S.</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>40%</b>	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/2	3/3	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Wolfe, David W.</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>90.6%</b>	1/1	1/1	1/1	2/2	2/3	1/1	1/1	NV	1/1	NV	NV	0/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	NV	1/1
<b>Zwicker, Andrew</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>35%</b>	0/1	1/1	0/1	2/2	2/3	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/1	1/1





**AMERICANSFORPROSPERITY.ORG**

550 WEST MAIN STREET, SUITE 5, BOONTON, NJ 07005



 @AFP\_NEWJERSEY

 FACEBOOK.COM/AFPNJ

 @AFP\_NEWJERSEY